

# Automatic Parallelization and Optimization of Programs by Proof Rewriting

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In separation logic:

- Formulas denote heaps.
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- Proofs show how subheaps are used (**and unused**) by commands.

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- Proofs show how subheaps are used (**and unused**) by commands.
- ↳ Unused subheaps are **(Frame)d**.

$$\frac{\{\Xi_a\} C \{\Xi_{a'}\}}{\{\Xi_a \star \Xi_f\} C \{\Xi_{a'} \star \Xi_f\}} \text{ (Frame } \Xi_f \text{)}$$

- ↳ Command  $C$  does not access heap  $\Xi_f$  during execution.

In this work:

- We parallelize and optimize **proven** programs.
- We use the proof as an analysis:
  - Useless data discovery
  - Useful data discovery
  - Alias analysis

(Frame) rule  
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- Optimizations are expressed with a **rewrite system** between proof trees.
- Proof trees are derivations of Hoare triplets.

Next slide: an example

- $x \mapsto [f : n]$  has a dual meaning:
  - $x.f$  contains value  $n$ .
  - Permission to write and read  $x.f$ .



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- $x \mapsto [f : n]$  has a dual meaning:
  - $x.f$  contains value  $n$ .
  - Permission to write and read  $x.f$ .
  
- The example is ugly.
- But look at the commands at the root of the trees.

$$\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k} \stackrel{\Delta}{=} x \mapsto [f : n] \star y \mapsto [f : m] \star z \mapsto [f : k]$$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\overline{\{\Lambda_x^n\} x \rightarrow f = n \{\Lambda_x^n\}} \text{ (Mutate)}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\} x \rightarrow f = n \{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}} \text{ (Fr } \Lambda_{y,z}^{n,m,k})}{\frac{\frac{\overline{\{\Lambda_y^m\} y \rightarrow f = m \{\Lambda_y^m\}} \text{ (Mutate)}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\} y \rightarrow f = m \{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}} \text{ (Fr } \Lambda_{x,z}^{n,m,k})} \text{ (Seq)} \quad \frac{\frac{\overline{\{\Lambda_z^k\} z \rightarrow f = k \{\Lambda_z^k\}} \text{ (Mutate)}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\} z \rightarrow f = k \{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}} \text{ (Fr } \Lambda_{x,y}^{n,m,k})} \text{ (Seq)}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\} y \rightarrow f = m; z \rightarrow f = k \{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}} \text{ (Seq)}} \text{ (Seq)} \\ \frac{\overline{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\} x \rightarrow f = n; y \rightarrow f = m; z \rightarrow f = k \{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}} \text{ (Seq)}}{\downarrow}$$

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$$\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k} \stackrel{\Delta}{=} x \mapsto [f : n] \star y \mapsto [f : m] \star z \mapsto [f : k]$$

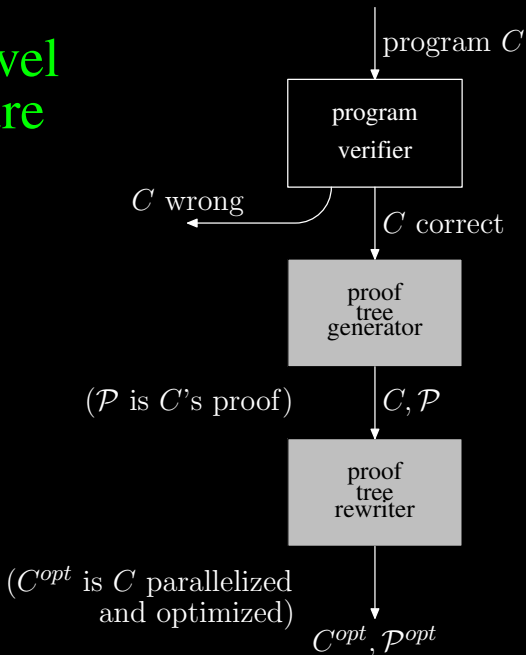
$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\overline{\{\Lambda_x^-\}x \rightarrow f = n\{\Lambda_x^n\}} \text{ (Mutate)}}{\overline{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}x \rightarrow f = n\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}} \text{ (Fr } \Lambda_{y,z}^{n,m,k})} \quad \frac{\frac{\overline{\{\Lambda_y^-\}y \rightarrow f = m\{\Lambda_y^m\}} \text{ (Mutate)}}{\overline{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}y \rightarrow f = m\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}} \text{ (Fr } \Lambda_{x,z}^{n,m,-})} \quad \frac{\frac{\overline{\{\Lambda_z^-\}z \rightarrow f = k\{\Lambda_z^k\}} \text{ (Mutate)}}{\overline{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}z \rightarrow f = k\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}} \text{ (Fr } \Lambda_{x,y}^{n,m,-})}}{\overline{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}y \rightarrow f = m; z \rightarrow f = k\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}} \text{ (Seq)}}}{\overline{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}x \rightarrow f = n; y \rightarrow f = m; z \rightarrow f = k\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}} \text{ (Seq)}}$$

↓

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- Hypothesis: the lhs is a valid proof tree.
- Soundness follows from the inclusion of the rhs's leafs in the lhs's leafs.

# High-Level Procedure



The rewrite system modifies programs but preserves specifications:

$$\frac{\mathcal{P}}{\{\Xi\} \mathcal{C} \{\Theta\}} \downarrow \frac{\mathcal{Q}}{\{\Xi\} \mathcal{C}' \{\Theta\}}$$

- The program and the the proof are modified:  $\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{Q}, \mathcal{C}'$ .
- But specifications are preserved:  $\Xi, \Theta \rightarrow \Xi, \Theta$ .

- The **(Frame)** rule is the central ingredient of our procedure.
- Problem: Existing program verifiers (e.g. smallfoot) do not make frames explicit.

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- Problem: Existing program verifiers (e.g. smallfoot) do not make frames explicit.
- Formulas  $\Xi, \Theta$  are couples of a pure formula  $\Pi$  and a spatial formula  $\Sigma$ .
  - $\Pi$  is a  $\wedge$ -conjoined list of variable equalities/inequalities.
  - $\Sigma$  is  $\star$ -conjoined list of  $\mapsto$  predicates (and more complex, irrelevant, formulas).

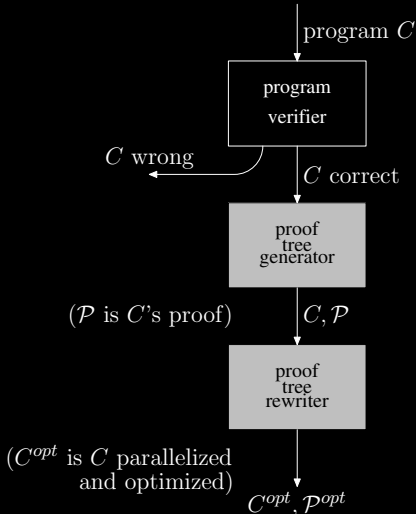
- The **(Frame)** rule is the central ingredient of our procedure.
- Problem: Existing program verifiers (e.g. smallfoot) do not make frames explicit.

$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} \dots \\ x' \text{ fresh} \\ \Pi \vdash F = E \quad \{ \dots \wedge \Pi[x'/x] \vdash (\Sigma \star F \mapsto [\rho])[x'/x] \} C\{\Pi' \vdash \Sigma'\} \end{array}}{\{ \Pi \vdash (\Sigma \star F \mapsto [\rho]) \} x := E \rightarrow f; C\{\Pi' \vdash \Sigma'\}} \text{ (Lookup)}$$

- Substitutions  $x'/x$  affect the **whole** state: no explicit frame.
- $\Pi$  is “too big”: there exists a “smaller” antiframe  $\Pi_s$  s.t.  $\Pi_s \vdash F = E$ .



## Recall the big picture ?



In the proof tree generator:

- Proof rules with explicit frames.
- But still usage of the program's verifier **normal rules** for verification.

Next slide:

Proof rules with explicit {anti-,} frames

# Berdine, Calcagno, and O'Hearn "Symbolic Execution with Separation Logic"

$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} \dots \\ x' \text{ fresh} \\ \Pi \vdash F = E \quad \{ \dots \wedge \Pi[x'/x] \vdash (\Sigma \star F \mapsto [\rho])[x'/x] \} C\{\Pi' \vdash \Sigma'\} \end{array}}{\{ \Pi \vdash \Sigma \star F \mapsto [\rho] \} x := E \rightarrow f; C\{\Pi' \vdash \Sigma'\}} \text{ (Lookup)}$$

With explicit frames and antiframes

$$\frac{\begin{array}{l} x' \text{ fresh} \quad \dots \\ \Pi_a \vdash F = E \\ \Xi = \Pi_a[x'/x] \wedge \dots \vdash (\Sigma_a \star F \mapsto [\rho])[x'/x] \end{array}}{\frac{\{ \Pi_a \vdash \Sigma_a \star F \mapsto [\rho] \} x := E \rightarrow f \{ \Xi \} \quad x \notin \Xi_f \text{ (Lookup)}}{\{ (\Pi_a \vdash \Sigma_a \star F \mapsto [\rho]) \star \Xi_f \} x := E \rightarrow f \{ \Xi \star \Xi_f \} \quad \{ \Xi \star \Xi_f \} C\{\Xi'\} \text{ (Frame } \Xi_f \text{)}}} \{ \underbrace{(\Pi_a \vdash \Sigma_a \star F \mapsto [\rho])}_{\text{antiframe needed to prove } E \mapsto [\rho] \text{ and affected by } [x'/x]} \star \underbrace{\Xi_f}_{\text{frame unaffected by } [x'/x]} \} x := E \rightarrow f; C\{\Xi'\} \text{ (Seq)}$$

## Berdine, Calcagno, and O'Hearn "Symbolic Execution with Separation Logic"

$$\frac{x' \text{ fresh} \quad \{x = E[x'/x] \wedge \Pi[x'/x] \vdash \Sigma[x'/x]\} C\{\Pi' \vdash \Sigma'\}}{\{\Pi \vdash \Sigma\} x := E; C\{\Pi' \vdash \Sigma'\}} \text{ (Assign)}$$

- Same problem: substitutions  $[x'/x]$  affect the whole state.

### With explicit frames and antiframes

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{x' \text{ fresh}}{\{\Xi_a\} x := E\{\Xi_a[x'/x]\}} \text{ (Assign)}}{\{\Xi_a \star \Xi_f\} x := E\{\Xi_a[x'/x] \star \Xi_f\}} \text{ (Frame } \Xi_f)}{\{\underbrace{\Xi_a}_{\text{antiframe affected by } [x'/x]} \star \underbrace{\Xi_f}_{\text{frame unaffected by } [x'/x]}\} x := E; C\{\Xi'\}} \text{ (Seq)}$$

Berdine, Calcagno, and O'Hearn "Symbolic Execution with Separation Logic"

$$\frac{\Pi \vdash \perp}{\{\Pi \mid \Sigma\} C \{\Theta\}} \text{ (Inconsistent)}$$

With explicit frames and antiframe

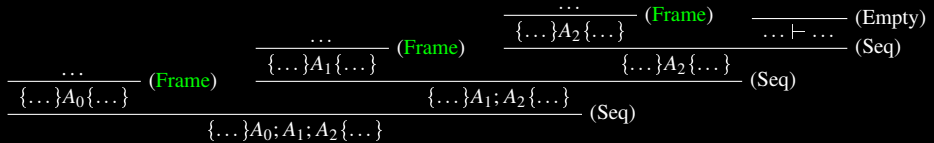
$$\frac{\frac{\Pi_a \vdash \perp}{\{\Pi_a \mid \text{emp}\} C \{\Theta\}} \text{ (Inconsistent)}}{\left\{ \underbrace{\Pi_a \mid \text{emp}}_{\text{sufficient antiframe to prove } \perp} \quad \star \underbrace{\Pi_f \mid \Sigma_f}_{\text{frame}} \right\} C \{\Theta\}} \text{ (Frame } \Pi_f \mid \Sigma_f)$$

- $\text{emp} \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \text{the heap is empty.}$

- The proof tree generator implements rules with explicit frames and antiframes.
- Written as an extension of the program verifier (= smallfoot).

Problem: proof trees generated with these rules have a special shape

For successive atomic commands  $A$ , trees have the following shape:



■ A (Frame) at each atomic command.

↳ Problem: Frames are **redundant**

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$$\frac{\frac{\dots}{\{\dots\}A_0\{\dots\}} \text{ (Frame)} \quad \frac{\frac{\dots}{\{\dots\}A_1\{\dots\}} \text{ (Frame)} \quad \frac{\frac{\dots}{\{\dots\}A_2\{\dots\}} \text{ (Frame)} \quad \frac{\dots \vdash \dots}{\dots} \text{ (Empty)}}{\frac{\{\dots\}A_1; A_2\{\dots\}}{\{\dots\}A_2\{\dots\}} \text{ (Seq)}}}{\{\dots\}A_1; A_2\{\dots\}} \text{ (Seq)}}{\{\dots\}A_0; A_1; A_2\{\dots\}} \text{ (Seq)}$$

■ A (Frame) at each atomic command.

↳ Problem: Frames are **redundant**

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\{\Lambda_x^z\}x \rightarrow f = n\{\Lambda_x^n\}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m}\}x \rightarrow f = n\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m}\}} \text{ (Mutate)} \quad \frac{\frac{\{\Lambda_y^m\}y \rightarrow f = m\{\Lambda_y^m\}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m}\}y \rightarrow f = m\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m}\}} \text{ (Mutate)} \quad \frac{\frac{\{\Lambda_z^k\}z \rightarrow f = k\{\Lambda_z^k\}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}z \rightarrow f = k\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}} \text{ (Mutate)}}{\frac{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m}\}y \rightarrow f = m; z \rightarrow f = k\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}y \rightarrow f = m; z \rightarrow f = k\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}} \text{ (Seq)}}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}x \rightarrow f = n; y \rightarrow f = m; z \rightarrow f = k\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}} \text{ (Seq)}$$

- We rewrite proof trees to frame multiple commands (= frame factorization).



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- Below,  $\Xi_c$  is the factorized frame.

Guard:  $\Xi_f \Leftrightarrow \Xi_{f_0} \star \Xi_c$  and  $\Theta_f \Leftrightarrow \Theta_{f_0} \star \Xi_c$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\frac{\{\Xi_a\}C\{\Xi_p\}}{\{\Xi_a \star \Xi_f\}C\{\Xi_p \star \Xi_f\}} \text{ (Fr } \Xi_f)}{\{\Xi_a \star \Xi_f\}C; C'; C''\{\Xi'\}} \text{ (Fr } \Theta_f) \quad \frac{\frac{\{\Theta_a\}C'\{\Theta_p\}}{\{\Theta_a \star \Theta_f\}C'\{\Theta_p \star \Theta_f\}} \text{ (Fr } \Theta_f)}{\{\Theta_a \star \Theta_f\}C'; C''\{\Xi'\}} \text{ (Seq)} \quad \{\Theta_p \star \Theta_f\}C''\{\Xi'\}}{\{\Xi_a \star \Xi_f\}C; C'; C''\{\Xi'\}} \text{ (Seq)} \\
\\
\downarrow \text{FactorizeFrames} \\
\frac{\frac{\{\Xi_a\}C\{\Xi_p\}}{\{\Xi_a \star \Xi_{f_0}\}C\{\Xi_p \star \Xi_{f_0}\}} \text{ (Fr } \Xi_{f_0}) \quad \frac{\frac{\{\Theta_a\}C'\{\Theta_p\}}{\{\Theta_a \star \Theta_{f_0}\}C'\{\Theta_p \star \Theta_{f_0}\}} \text{ (Fr } \Theta_{f_0}) \quad \frac{\frac{\{\Theta_a\}C'\{\Theta_p\}}{\Theta_p \vdash \Theta_p} \text{ (Empty)}}{\{\Theta_p \star \Theta_f\}C''\{\Xi'\}} \text{ (Seq)}}{\{\Theta_p \star \Theta_f\}C''\{\Xi'\}} \text{ (Seq)}}{\{\Xi_a \star \Xi_{f_0}\}C; C'\{\Theta_p \star \Theta_{f_0}\}} \text{ (Fr } \Xi_c)} \quad \{\Theta_p \star \Theta_f\}C''\{\Xi'\}}{\{\Xi_a \star \Xi_f\}C; C'\{\Theta_p \star \Theta_f\}} \text{ (Seq)} \quad \{\Theta_p \star \Theta_f\}C''\{\Xi'\}}{\{\Xi_a \star \Xi_f\}C; C'; C''\{\Xi'\}} \text{ (Seq)}
\end{array}$$

■ Example of frame factorization:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\frac{\frac{\{\Lambda_x^-\}x \rightarrow f = n\{\Lambda_x^n\}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}x \rightarrow f = n\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}x \rightarrow f = n\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}} \text{ (Fr } \Lambda_{y,z}^{n,-}\text{)} \quad \text{(Mutate)}}{\{\Lambda_x^-\}x \rightarrow f = n\{\Lambda_x^n\}} \text{ (Mutate)} \\
 \frac{\frac{\frac{\{\Lambda_y^-\}y \rightarrow f = m\{\Lambda_y^m\}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}y \rightarrow f = m\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}y \rightarrow f = m\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}} \text{ (Fr } \Lambda_{x,z}^{n,-}\text{)} \quad \text{(Mutate)}}{\{\Lambda_y^-\}y \rightarrow f = m\{\Lambda_y^m\}} \text{ (Mutate)} \\
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 \frac{\frac{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}y \rightarrow f = m; z \rightarrow f = k\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}y \rightarrow f = m; z \rightarrow f = k\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}} \text{ (Seq)}}{\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,-}\}y \rightarrow f = m; z \rightarrow f = k\{\Lambda_{x,y,z}^{n,m,k}\}} \text{ (Seq)} \\
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 \end{array}$$

↓

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 \end{array}$$

With factorized frames: optimizations are (quite) simple to express

$$\frac{\frac{\{\mathbb{E}\}C\{\Theta\}}{\{\mathbb{E} \star \mathbb{E}'\}C\{\Theta \star \mathbb{E}'\}} \text{ (Frame } \mathbb{E}') \quad \frac{\frac{\{\mathbb{E}'\}C'\{\Theta'\}}{\{\Theta \star \mathbb{E}'\}C'\{\Theta \star \Theta'\}} \text{ (Frame } \Theta) \quad \{\Theta \star \Theta'\}C''\{\mathbb{E}''\}}{\{\Theta \star \mathbb{E}'\}C'; C''\{\mathbb{E}''\}} \text{ (Seq)}}{\{\mathbb{E} \star \mathbb{E}'\}C; C'; C''\{\mathbb{E}''\}} \text{ (Seq)}$$

↓ Parallelize

$$\frac{\frac{\{\mathbb{E}\}C\{\Theta\} \quad \{\mathbb{E}'\}C'\{\Theta'\}}{\{\mathbb{E} \star \mathbb{E}'\}C \parallel C'\{\Theta \star \Theta'\}} \text{ (Parallel)} \quad \{\Theta \star \Theta'\}C''\{\mathbb{E}''\}}{\{\mathbb{E} \star \mathbb{E}'\}C \parallel C'; C''\{\mathbb{E}''\}} \text{ (Seq)}$$

With factorized frames: optimizations are (quite) simple to express

$$\frac{\frac{\{\Xi\}C\{\Theta\}}{\{\Xi \star \Xi'\}C\{\Theta \star \Xi'\}} \text{ (Frame } \Xi') \quad \frac{\frac{\{\Xi'\}C'\{\Theta'\}}{\{\Theta \star \Xi'\}C'\{\Theta \star \Theta'\}} \text{ (Frame } \Theta) \quad \{\Theta \star \Theta'\}C''\{\Xi''\}}{\{\Theta \star \Xi'\}C'; C''\{\Xi''\}} \text{ (Seq)}}{\{\Xi \star \Xi'\}C; C'; C''\{\Xi''\}} \text{ (Seq)}$$

↓ Parallelize

$$\frac{\frac{\{\Xi\}C\{\Theta\} \quad \{\Xi'\}C'\{\Theta'\}}{\{\Xi \star \Xi'\}C \parallel C'\{\Theta \star \Theta'\}} \text{ (Parallel)} \quad \{\Theta \star \Theta'\}C''\{\Xi''\}}{\{\Xi \star \Xi'\}C \parallel C'; C''\{\Xi''\}} \text{ (Seq)}$$

- $\{\Theta \star \Theta'\}C''\{\Xi''\}$  can be “dummy” i.e., a single application of (Empty).
- ↳ Or  $C''$  can be a “normal” continuation.
- This rule matches the two cases.

Optimizations include:

- parallelization (previous slide)
- early disposal and late allocation (omitted in this talk)
- early lock releasing and late lock acquirement (next 2 slides)
- improvement of temporal locality (3<sup>th</sup> slide)

# Locks in Separation Logic

- Each lock guards a part of the heap called the lock's **resource invariant**.
- Resource invariants are exchanged between locks and threads:
  - When a lock is acquired, it **lends** its resource invariant to the acquiring thread.
  - When a lock is released, it **claims back** its resource invariant from the releasing thread.

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  - When a lock is released, it **claims back** its resource invariant from the releasing thread.

Formally (where  $r_\Theta$  means  $\Theta$  is  $r$ 's resource invariant):

$$\frac{\{\mathbb{E} \star \Theta\} C \{\mathbb{E}' \star \Theta\}}{\{\mathbb{E}\} \text{with } r_\Theta \text{ do } C \text{ endwith } \{\mathbb{E}'\}} \text{ (Region)}$$

- Intuition: execute as much code as possible outside critical regions,  
↳ by releasing locks as soon as possible

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\frac{\frac{\{E \star \Theta\} C \{E' \star \Theta\}}{\{E \star \Theta\} C; C' \{E'' \star \Theta\}} \text{(Region)}}{\{E\} \text{with } r_{\Theta} \text{ do } C; C' \text{ endwith} \{E''\}} \text{(Seq)}}{\{E\} \text{with } r_{\Theta} \text{ do } C; C' \text{ endwith}; C'' \{E'''\}} \text{(Seq)}}{\frac{\{E \star \Theta\} C \{E' \star \Theta\}}{\{E\} \text{with } r_{\Theta} \text{ do } C \text{ endwith} \{E'\}} \text{(Region)} \quad \frac{\{E'\} C' \{E''\}}{\{E'\} C' \{E''\}} \text{(Seq)}}{\{E\} \text{with } r_{\Theta} \text{ do } C \text{ endwith}; C' \{E''\}} \text{(Seq)} \quad \frac{\{E''\} C'' \{E'''\}}{\{E''\} C'' \{E'''\}} \text{(Seq)}} \text{(Seq)} \\
 \downarrow \text{EarlyLockReleasing} \\
 \frac{\frac{\frac{\{E \star \Theta\} C \{E' \star \Theta\}}{\{E\} \text{with } r_{\Theta} \text{ do } C \text{ endwith} \{E'\}} \text{(Region)} \quad \frac{\{E'\} C' \{E''\}}{\{E'\} C' \{E''\}} \text{(Seq)}}{\{E\} \text{with } r_{\Theta} \text{ do } C \text{ endwith}; C' \{E''\}} \text{(Seq)} \quad \frac{\{E''\} C'' \{E'''\}}{\{E''\} C'' \{E'''\}} \text{(Seq)}}{\{E\} \text{with } r_{\Theta} \text{ do } C \text{ endwith}; C'; C'' \{E'''\}} \text{(Seq)}
 \end{array}$$



- Intuition: execute as much code as possible outside critical regions,
- ↳ by acquiring locks as late as possible

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\frac{\frac{\{E\}C\{E'\}}{\{E \star \Theta\}C\{E' \star \Theta\}} \text{(Frame } \Theta)}{\{E \star \Theta\}C; C'\{E'' \star \Theta\}} \text{(Seq)}}{\{E \star \Theta\}C; C'\{E'' \star \Theta\}} \text{(Region)}}{\{E\} \text{with } r_{\Theta} \text{ do } C; C' \text{ endwith}\{E''\}} \text{(Seq)} \\
\frac{\{E''\}C''\{E'''\}}{\{E\} \text{with } r_{\Theta} \text{ do } C; C' \text{ endwith}; C''\{E'''\}} \text{(Seq)} \\
\downarrow \underline{\text{LateLockAcquirement}} \\
\frac{\frac{\frac{\{E\}C\{E'\}}{\{E'\} \text{with } r_{\Theta} \text{ do } C' \text{ endwith}\{E''\}} \text{(Region)}}{\{E\}C; \text{with } r_{\Theta} \text{ do } C' \text{ endwith}\{E''\}} \text{(Seq)}}{\{E\}C; \text{with } r_{\Theta} \text{ do } C' \text{ endwith}; C''\{E'''\}} \text{(Seq)}
\end{array}$$

■ temporal locality  $\triangleq$  time between two accesses to the same heap cell

↳ the smaller the better (no need to free/load processors's caches)

■ Intuition below:  $C$  and  $C''$  access the same part of the heap

↳ Execute them successively

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\frac{\{E\}C\{E'\}}{\{E \star \Theta\}C\{E' \star \Theta\}} \text{ (Fr } \Theta)}{\{E \star \Theta\}C; C'\{E' \star \Theta'\}} \text{ (Seq)} \quad \frac{\frac{\{\Theta\}C'\{\Theta'\}}{\{E' \star \Theta\}C'\{E' \star \Theta'\}} \text{ (Fr } E')}{\{E' \star \Theta'\}C''\{E'' \star \Theta'\}} \text{ (Fr } \Theta')} \\
 \frac{\{E \star \Theta\}C; C'; C''\{E'' \star \Theta'\}}{\{E \star \Theta\}C; C'; C''\{E'' \star \Theta'\}} \text{ (Seq)}
 \end{array}$$

↓ TemporalLocality

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{\frac{\{E\}C\{E'\} \quad \{E'\}C''\{E''\}}{\{E\}C; C''\{E''\}} \text{ (Seq)} \quad \frac{\frac{\{\Theta\}C'\{\Theta'\}}{\{E'' \star \Theta\}C'\{E'' \star \Theta'\}} \text{ (Fr } E'')}{\{E \star \Theta\}C; C''; C'\{E'' \star \Theta'\}} \text{ (Fr } \Theta)} \\
 \frac{\{E \star \Theta\}C; C''\{E'' \star \Theta'\}}{\{E \star \Theta\}C; C''; C'\{E'' \star \Theta'\}} \text{ (Seq)}
 \end{array}$$

## Implementation:

- The rewrite rules have been implemented in Java+ `tom`.
- `tom` extends Java to pattern match against `tom`/user-defined Java objects.
- The implementation is approximately 2775 lines long.
- Each rewrite rule is less than 58 lines of code (i.e. manageable).
- Use of `tom`'s strategies to fine tune optimizations.

# Demo

```
requires tree(t); ensures emp;
disp_tree(t) {
  local i,j;
  if(t = nil){} else {
    i := t → l; j := t → r;
    disp_tree(i); disp_tree(j);
    dispose(t);
  }
}
```

→

```
requires tree(t); ensures emp;
disp_tree(t) {
  local i,j;
  if(t = nil){} else {
    i := t → l; j := t → r;
    dispose(t) ||
    (disp_tree(i) || disp_tree(j));
  }
}
```

I'm looking for a post doc starting approx. September 2009

# Conclusion

- A entirely new technique for parallelizing and optimizing programs
- No ad-hoc analyses: separation logic proofs are taken as analyses.
- Can parallelize any code (i.e. not restricted to loops)
- Soundness is still doable ( $\neq$  *classical* parallelizers)
- Prototype implementation

# Future Work

- 1 Formalize the shape of proof trees (is there a normal form ?)
- 2 Release the implementation (cleanup + missing optimizations)
- 3 Extension to fractional permissions (more parallelization possible)
- 4 Extension to Parkinson's per-field  $\star$  splitting (more parallelization possible)
- 5 Extension to object orientation (subsumes (4))(to deal with abstraction)
- 6 More optimizations

But:

- Points (3), (4), and (5) require an (open-source) program verifier with these features.